

AMERICAN NATIONAL PROPERTY AND CASUALTY COMPANY ANPAC LOUISIANA INSURANCE COMPANY AMERICAN NATIONAL LLOYDS INSURANCE COMPANY ADMINISTERED BY AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

CREDIT INSURANCE CLAIMS DEPARTMENT P.O. BOX 4328, SPRINGFIELD, MO 65808-4328

PHONE NUMBER: 800-899-6502 FAX NUMBER: 409-766-2912 E-MAIL: CIDCLAIMSDEPT@AMERICANNATIONAL.COM

COMBINED LOSS NOTICE AND ADJUSTER'S CERTIFICATION

TO AVOID DELAY IN PROCESSING, PLEASE: 1.) Complete Property Claim Loss Statement below. 2.) Attach a copy of the Insurance Certificate. 3.) Attach a copy of the sales ticket(s) showing purchase of each item claimed and repair bill or estimate for damaged items. 4.) Attach a copy of the Police/Fire Department Report, newspaper clipping, or other document verifying incident causing loss. 5.) Attach a photograph of the damaged property, if available. 6.) Attach a copy of the payment history or ledger card. 7.) Return this Claim Form and all attachments to the above address. FAXES and e-mails are accepted; however, originals may be required at any time.

EFFECTIVE DATE	TERMINATIO	TERMINATION DATE		LOAN NUMBER	
INITIAL AMOUNT OF INSURANCE	E PREMIUM CHA	ARGED	REMAINING BALANCE PHONE NUMBER		
FINANCE COMPANY	ADDRESS (CI	TY, STATE, ZIP)			
Name of Insured:					
Address:					
City, State, ZIP:					
Home Phone:		Work Phone	<u> </u>		
Date of Loss:		Cause of Los	Cause of Loss:		
Degree of Loss: Partial Total Reimbursement:					
If item(s) are not repairable,	I elect to have: 🔲 th	ne items(s) replaced	OR □ my accou	unt credited	
	LIST BELOW	THE ITEMS BEING C	CLAIMED		
ARTICLE	DATE OF PURCHASE	PURCHASE PRICE	REPAIR COST (IF REPAIRABLE)	COST TO REPLACE	
TOT The subject loss did not originate representative. Nothing has beer representative to violate the cond were destroyed or damaged at the deceive the Company as to the exthis claim.	PLUS TAX AT AL AMOUNT BEING CL by any act, design, or done by or with the litions of the policy or render time of loss. The proper	procurement on the part knowledge or consent o der it void. All articles me erty saved has in no way	t of the insured debtor, the of the insured debtor, the entioned above and/or on the been concealed, and there	e witness, or the creditor witness, or the creditor ne back of this claim form e has been no attempt to	
I hereby certify that the loss has b	een carefully investigated	d, that it occurred as state	ed, and in my opinion, it is	in order for payment.	
SIGNATURE OF AGENT OR ADJUSTER			DATE		
WITNESS		DATE	INSURED	INSURED'S SIGNATURE	

LIST BELOW THE ITEMS BEING CLAIMED

ARTICLE	DATE OF PURCHASE	PURCHASE PRICE	REPAIR COST (IF REPAIRABLE)	COST TO REPLACE

FRAUD WARNINGS/STATEMENTS

Alabama - Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

Alaska - A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arizona - Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

Arkansas, Louisiana, Rhode Island, West Virginia - Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

California - Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado - It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages.

Delaware - Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Florida - Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Idaho - Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Indiana - A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

Kentucky - Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maryland - Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Minnesota - A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire - Any person who with a purpose to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurance company files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey - Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico - ANY PERSON WHO KNOWINGLY PRESENTS A FALSE OR FRAUDULENT CLAIM FOR PAYMENT OF A LOSS OR BENEFIT OR KNOWINGLY PRESENTS FALSE INFORMATION IN AN APPLICATION FOR INSURANCE IS GUILTY OF A CRIME AND MAY BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL FINES AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

Ohio, Oregon - Any person who with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Oklahoma - "WARNING: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony."

Pennsylvania - Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Texas - Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Tennessee, Maine, Virginia, Washington - It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.